

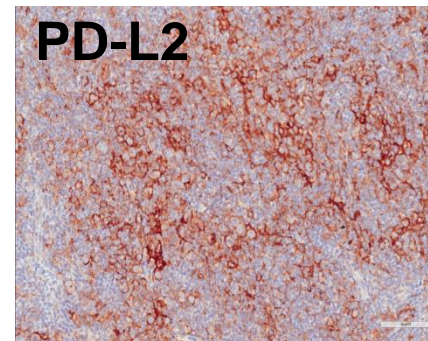
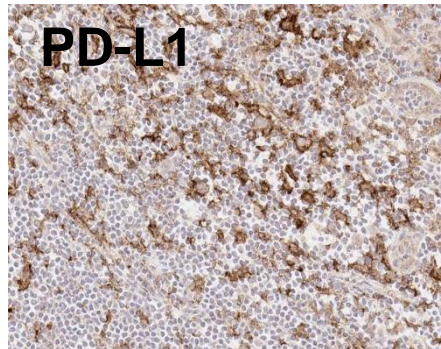
Pembrolizumab in Relapsed/Refractory Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma: Phase 2 KEYNOTE-087 Study

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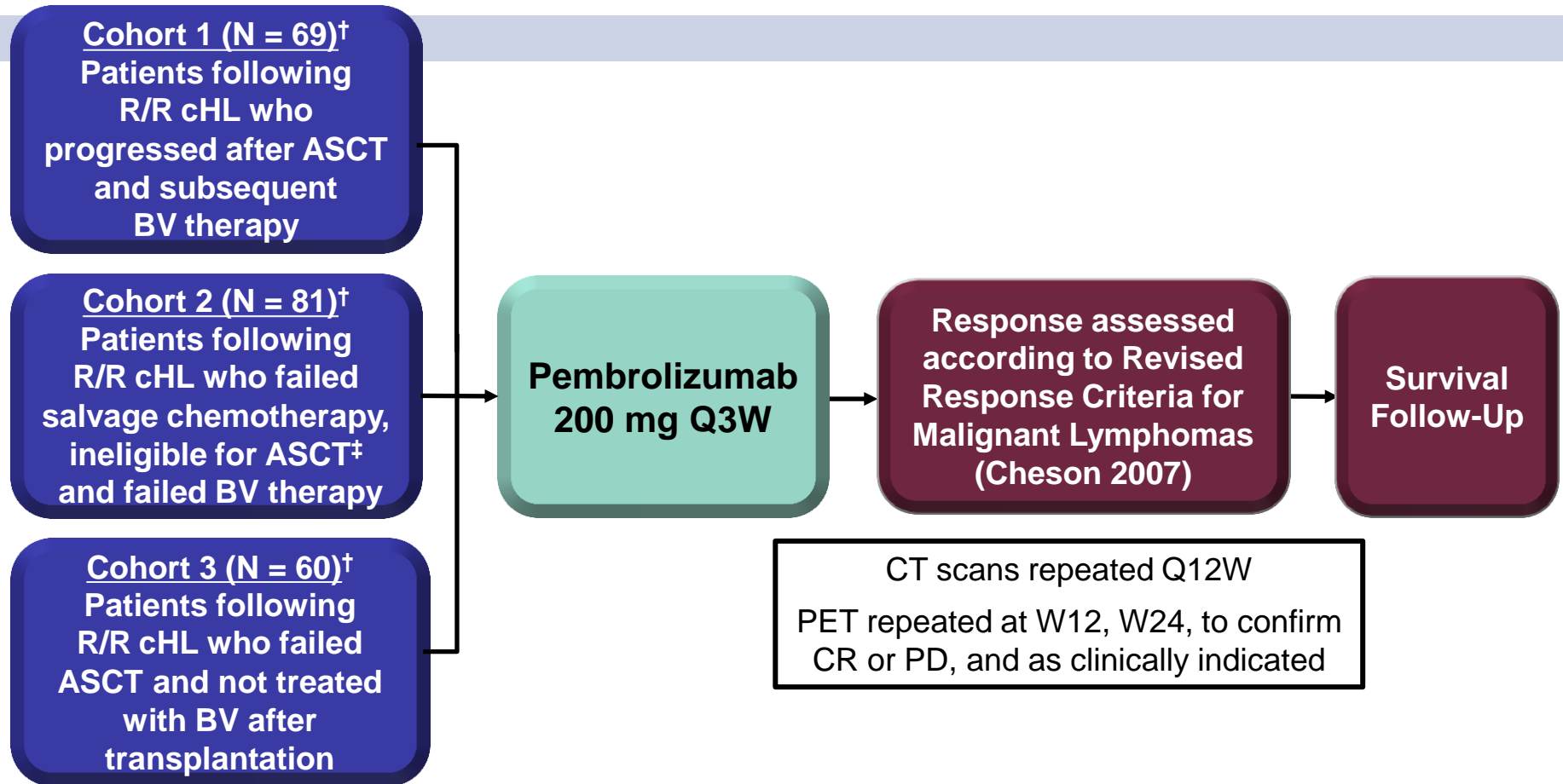
Pembrolizumab in Hodgkin Lymphoma

- Pembrolizumab is a humanized anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody which effectively restores antitumor immunity against multiple malignancies^{1,2}
- Overexpression of PD-L1 and PD-L2 due to genetic alterations is common in cHL³⁻⁵
 - HL may have a genetically driven vulnerability to PD-1 blockade



- Pembrolizumab 10 mg/kg demonstrated an ORR of 65% in R/R cHL⁶
- Exposure-response relationship for efficacy and safety is flat between 2 mg/kg to 10 mg/kg across clinical studies⁷
 - Based on population PK models, exposure for the 200 mg Q3W fixed-dose regimen is within this range and close to the 2 mg/kg Q3W exposure

KEYNOTE-087: Study Design



- **Primary end point:** Overall response rate (ORR; blinded independent central review)
- **Secondary end points:** ORR (investigator review), DOR, PFS, OS

Baseline Characteristics

	Cohort 1 Progressed after ASCT and subsequent BV therapy N = 69 n (%)	Cohort 2 Failed salvage chemotherapy, ineligible for ASCT and failed BV therapy N = 81 n (%)	Cohort 3 Failed ASCT and not treated with BV after transplantation N = 60 n (%)
Age, median (range), years	34 (19-64)	40 (20-76)	32 (18-73)
Previous lines of therapy			
≥3	68 (99)	78 (96)	36 (60)
<3	1 (1)	3 (4)	24 (40)
Previous lines of therapy, median (range)	4 (2-12)	4 (1-11)	3 (2-10)
Refractory or relapsed after 3 or more lines	69 (100)	81 (100)	60 (100)
Previous brentuximab vedotin use	69 (100)	81 (100)	25 (42)
Previous radiation	31 (45)	21 (26)	24 (40)

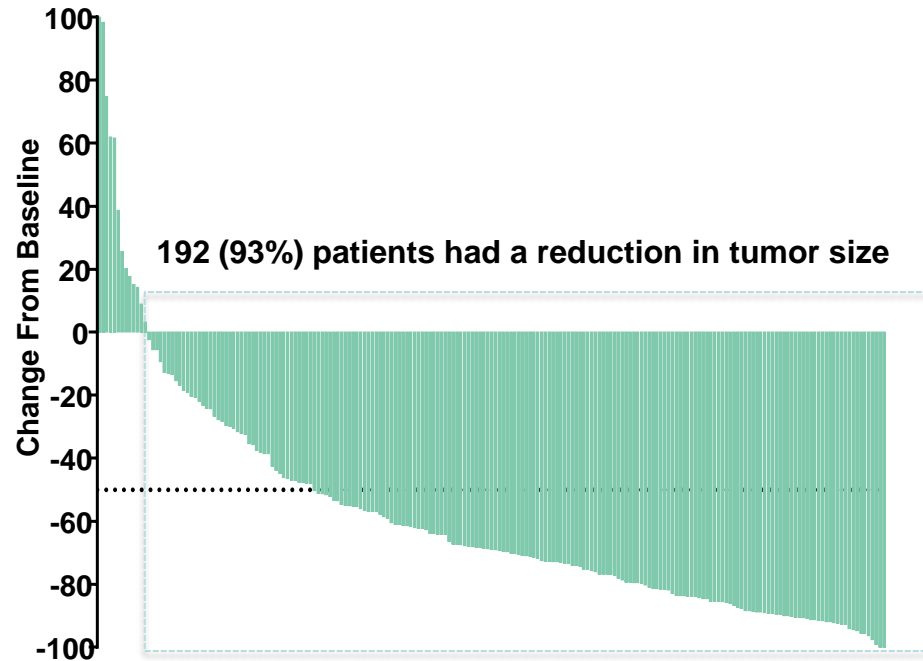
Overall Response Rate

	By Blinded Independent Central Review (BCIR) All Patients N = 210		By Investigator Review All Patients N = 210	
	n (%)	95% CI†	n (%)	95% CI†
ORR	145 (69.0)	62.3-75.2	143 (68.1)	61.3-74.3
Complete remission‡	47 (22.4)	16.9-28.6	63 (30.0)	23.9-36.7
Partial remission	98 (46.7)	39.8-53.7	80 (38.1)	31.5-45.0
Stable disease	31 (14.8)	10.3-20.3	40 (19.0)	14.0-25.0
Progressive disease	30 (14.3)	9.9-19.8	23 (11.0)	7.1-16.0
Unable to determine	4 (1.9)	0.5-4.8	4 (1.9)	0.5-4.8

ORR by Cohort (BICR)

	Cohort 1 Progressed after ASCT and subsequent BV therapy N = 69		Cohort 2 Failed salvage chemotherapy, ineligible for ASCT and failed BV therapy N = 81		Cohort 3 Failed ASCT and not treated with BV after transplantation N = 60	
	n (%)	95% CI†	n (%)	95% CI†	n (%)	95% CI†
ORR	51 (73.9)	61.9-83.7	52 (64.2)	52.8-74.6	42 (70.0)	56.8-81.2
Complete remission‡	15 (21.7)	12.7-33.3	20 (24.7)	15.8-35.5	12 (20.0)	10.8-32.3
Partial remission	36 (52.2)	39.8-64.4	32 (39.5)	28.8-51.0	30 (50.0)	36.8-63.2
Stable disease	11 (15.9)	8.2-26.7	10 (12.3)	6.1-21.5	10 (16.7)	8.3-28.5
Progressive disease	5 (7.2)	2.4-16.1	17 (21.0)	12.7-31.5	8 (13.3)	5.9-24.6
Unable to determine	2 (2.9)	0.4-10.1	2 (2.5)	0.3-8.6	0 (0)	—

Change From Baseline in Tumor Size and Duration of Response



Median number of treatment cycles:

13 (range, 1-21)

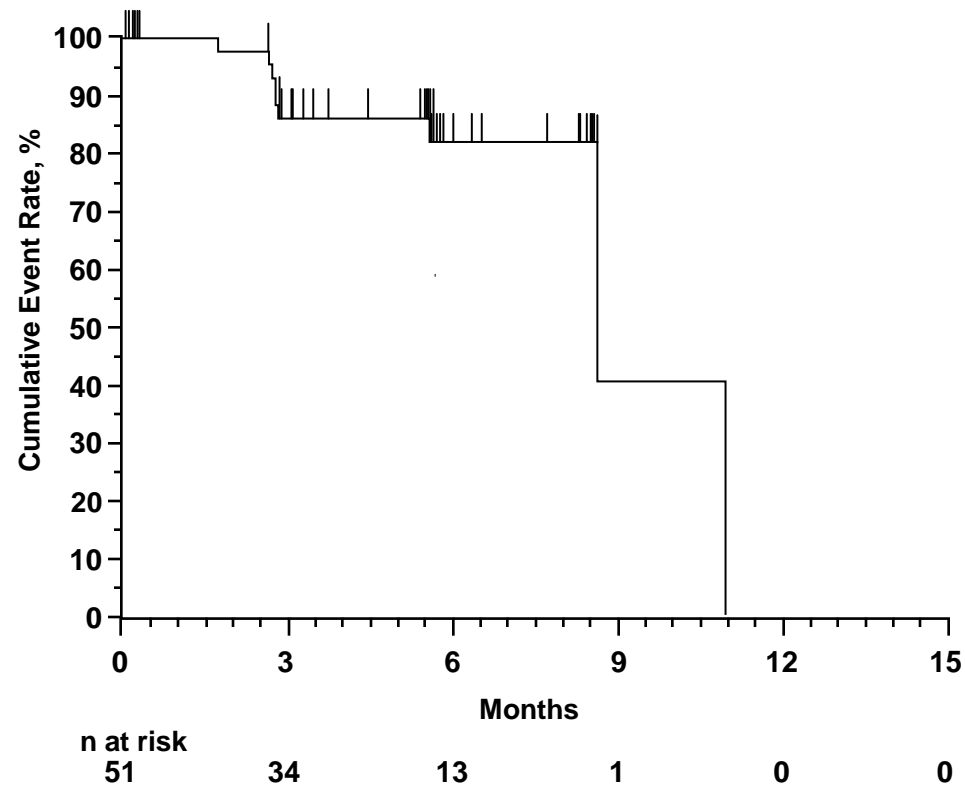
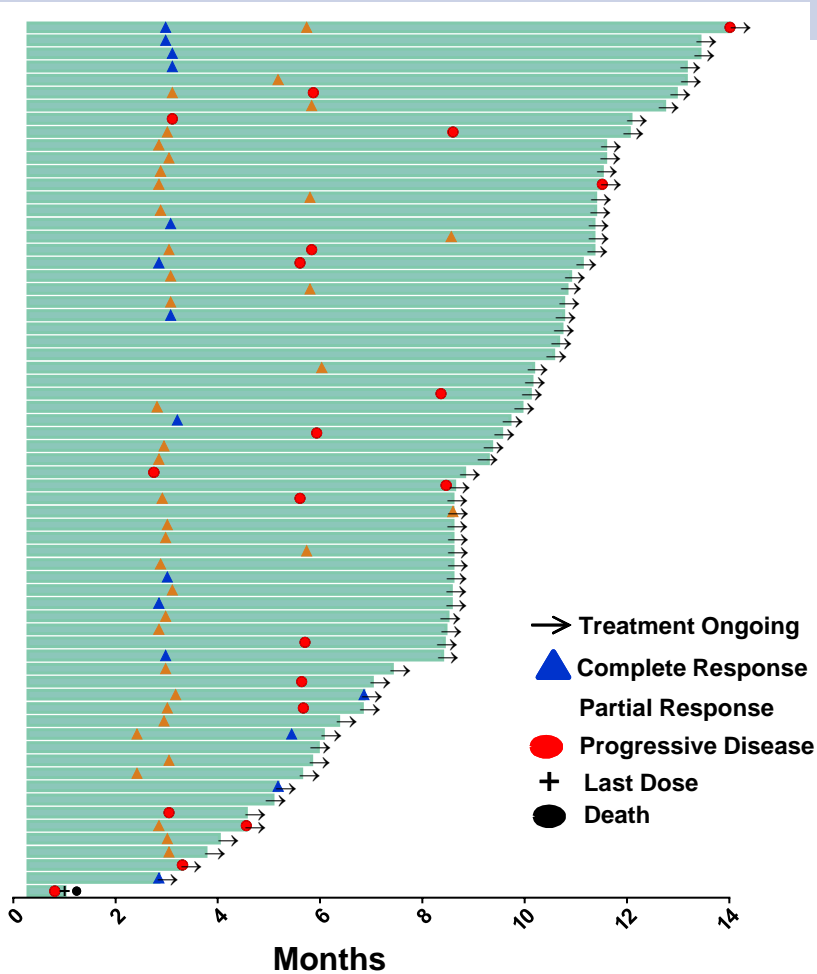
Treatment is ongoing in 120 (57%) patients

Median follow-up: 10.1 (1.0-15.0) months

- **Median (range) time to response:**
 - 2.8 (2.1-8.8) months
- **Response duration ≥ 6 months:** 75.6%[†]

Treatment Exposure and Response Duration: Cohort 1

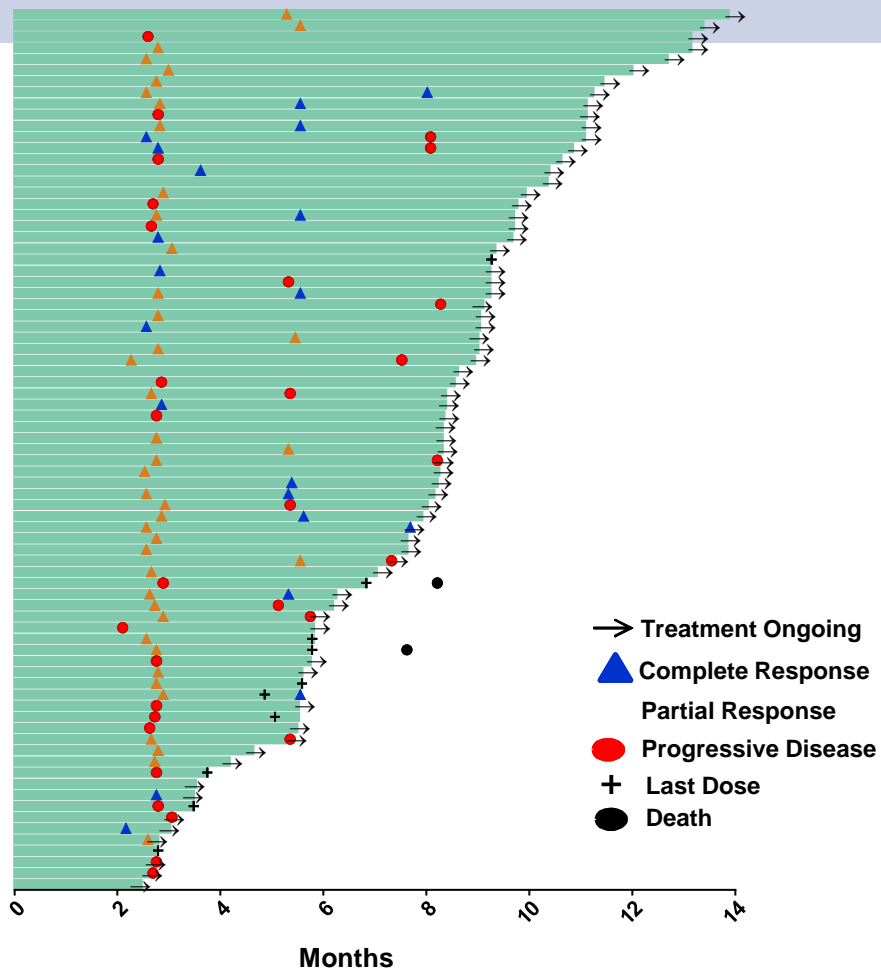
Progressed after ASCT and subsequent BV therapy



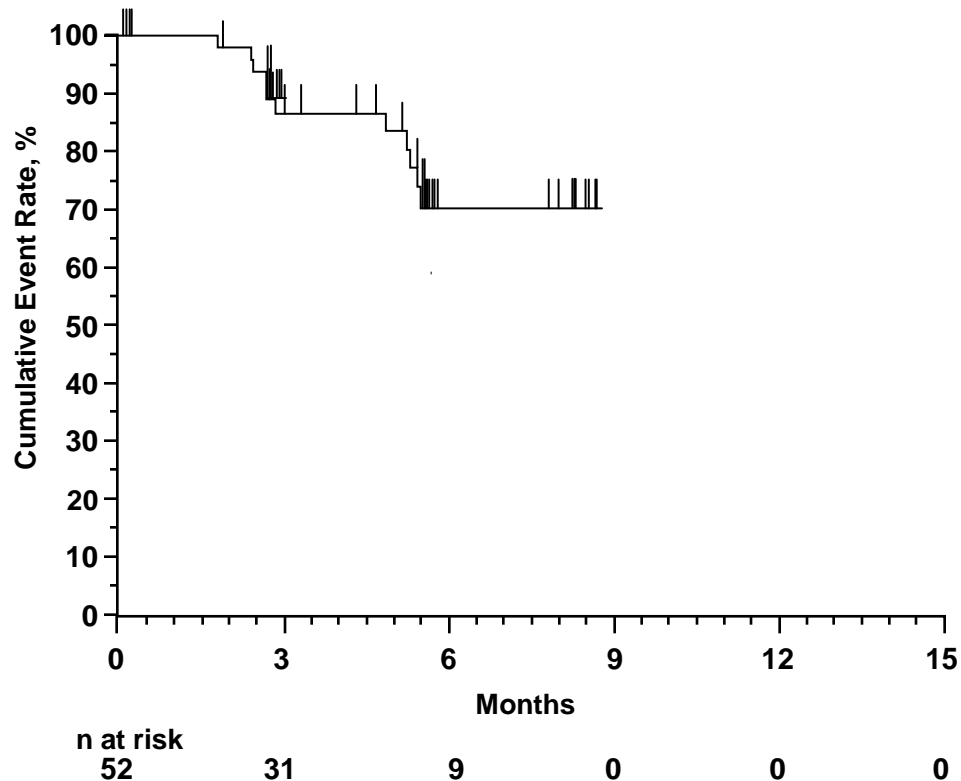
- **Median (range) time to response**
 - 2.7 months (2.1-8.3)
- **Response duration ≥ 6 months: 82.2%**

Treatment Exposure and Response Duration: Cohort 2

Failed salvage chemotherapy, ineligible for ASCT and failed BV therapy



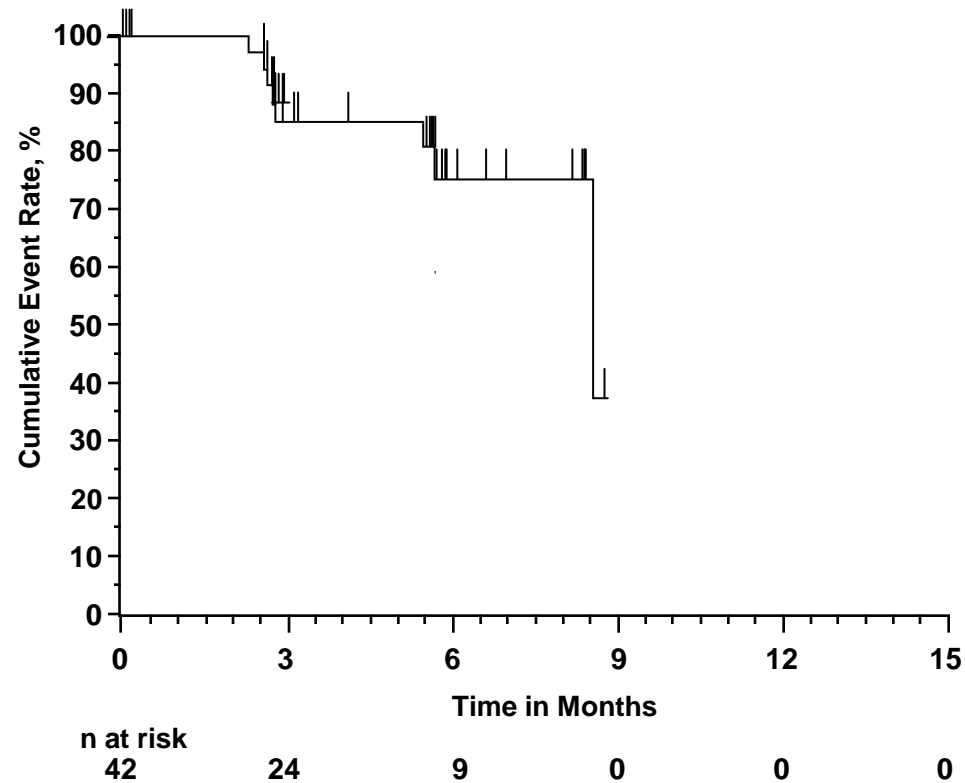
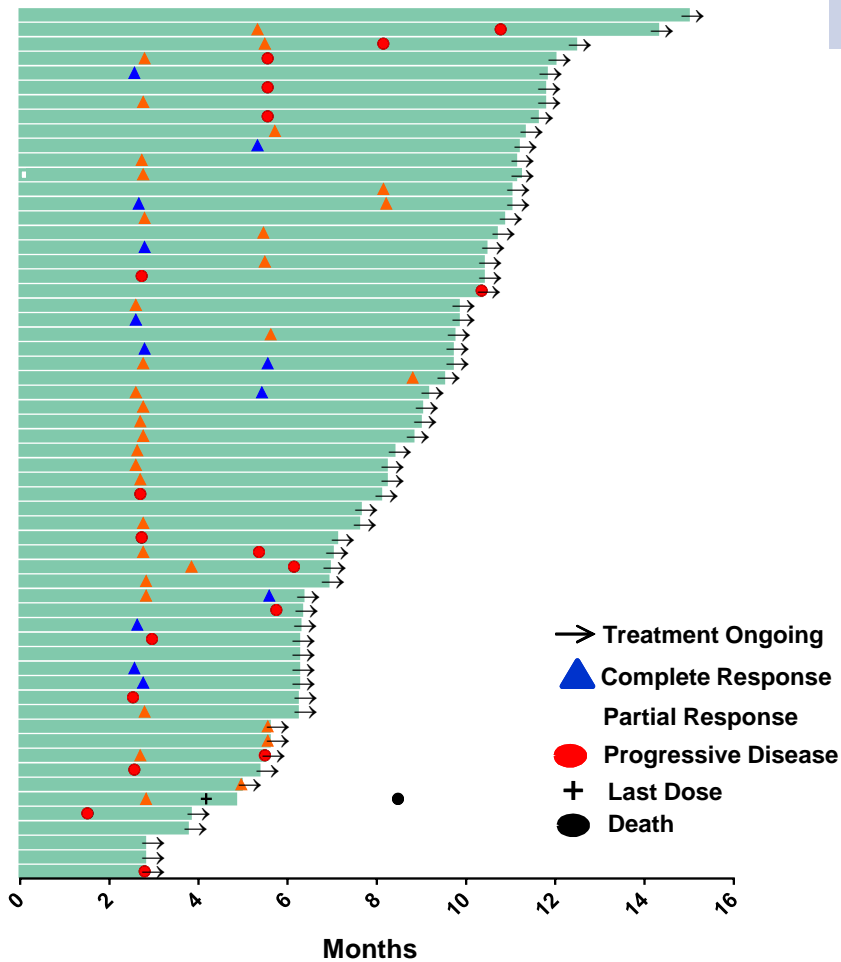
- **Median number of treatment cycles**
 - 12 (range 1, 21)



- **Median (range) time to response**
 - 2.8 (2.2-5.6) months
- **Response duration ≥ 6 months: 70%**

Treatment Exposure and Response Duration: Cohort 3

Failed ASCT and not treated with BV



- **Median number of treatment cycles**
 - 12.5 (range, 3-21)

- **Median (range) time to response**
 - 2.8 (2.6-8.8) months
- **Response duration ≥ 6 months: 75.6%**

ORR by Blinded Central Review: Subgroup Analyses

	Primary Refractory Disease (n = 73)		Relapsed After ≥3 Lines of Therapy (n = 146)	
	n (%)	95% CI [†]	n (%)	95% CI [†]
ORR	58 (79.5)	68.4-88.0	99 (67.8)	59.6-75.3
Complete remission	17 (23.3)	14.2-34.6	31 (21.2)	14.9-28.8
Partial remission	41 (56.2)	44.1-67.8	68 (46.6)	38.3-55.0
Stable disease	4 (5.5)	1.5-13.4	24 (16.4)	10.8-23.5
Progressive disease	8 (11.0)	4.9-20.5	20 (13.7)	8.6-20.4
Unable to determine	3 (4.1)	0.9-11.5	3 (2.1)	0.4-5.9

[†]These subgroups are not mutually exclusive

[‡]Based on binomial exact confidence interval method



Treatment-Related Adverse Events

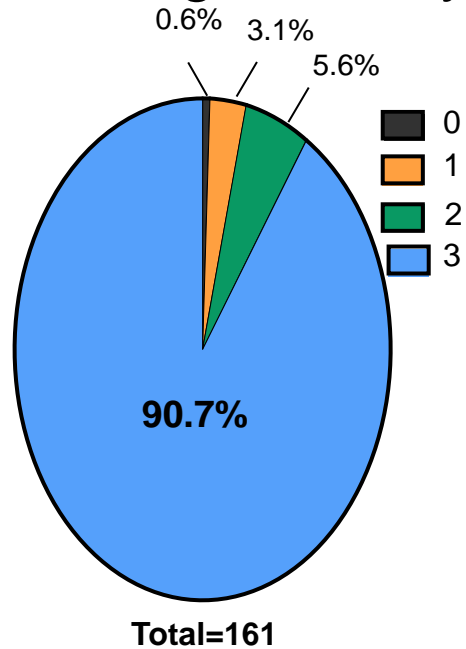
Any-Grade AEs ≥5% of patients	Total Population N = 210 n (%)
Hypothyroidism	26 (12.4)
Pyrexia	22 (10.5)
Fatigue	19 (9.0)
Rash	16 (7.6)
Diarrhea	15 (7.1)
Headache	13 (6.2)
Nausea	12 (5.7)
Cough	12 (5.7)
Neutropenia	11 (5.2)

Grade 3/4 AEs	Total Population N = 210 n (%)
Any grade 3/4 AE	23 (11)
AEs in ≥2 patients	
Neutropenia, grade 3	5 (2.4)
Diarrhea, grade 3	2 (1.0)
Dyspnea, grade 3	2 (1.0)

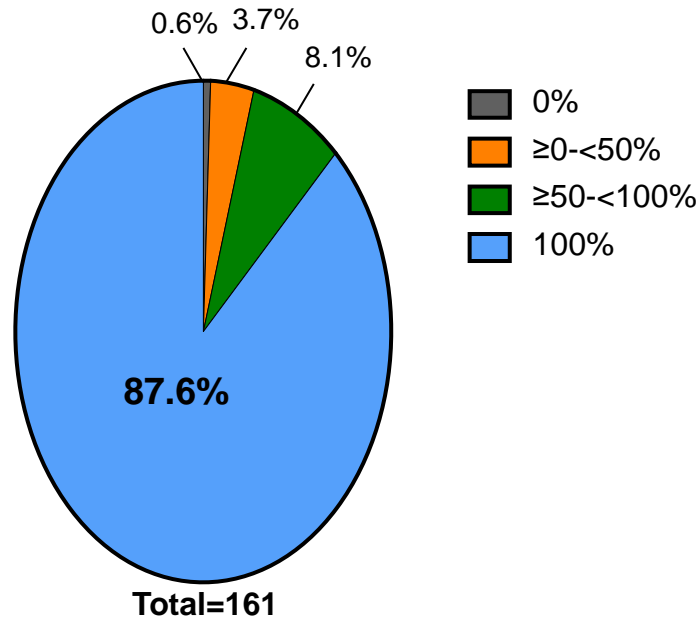
AEs of interest in ≥2 patients	Total Population N = 210 n (%)
Infusion-related reactions, grades 1 and 2	10 (4.8)
Pneumonitis, all grade 2	6 (2.9)
Hyperthyroidism, grades 1 and 2	6 (2.9)
Colitis, grades 2 and 3	2 (1.0)
Myositis, grades 2 and 3	2 (1.0)

Distribution of PD-L1 Expression Scores

Staining Intensity



Membrane Staining



Conclusions

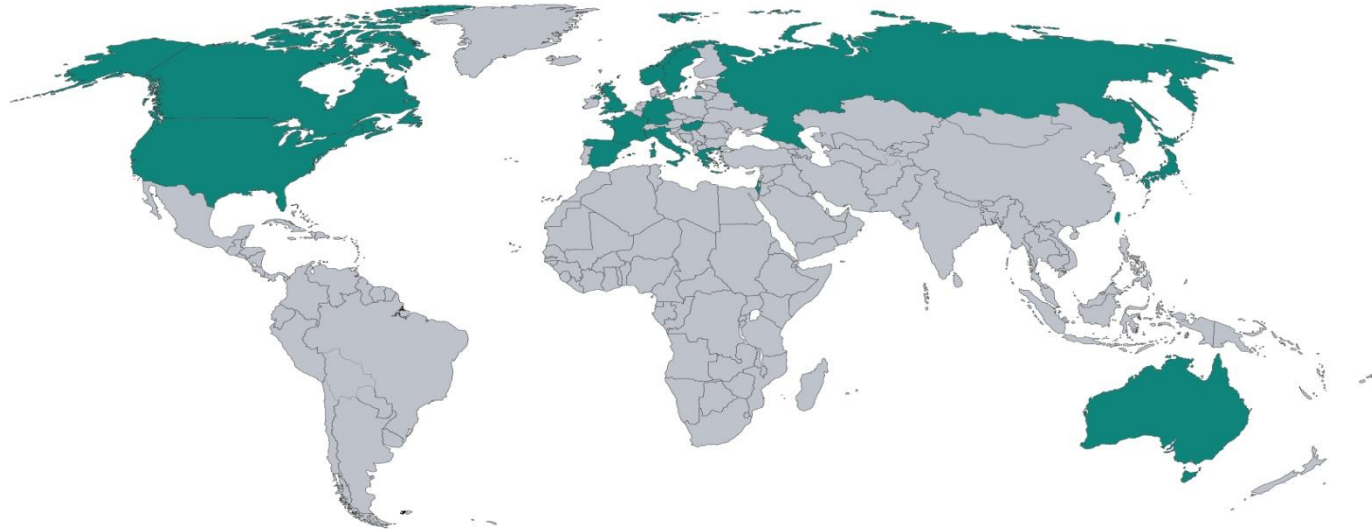
- By blinded independent central review and investigator review the ORR was 69% and 68%, respectively. Median duration of response has not been reached
- In this study there were two unique patient populations:
 - Transplant ineligible cHL secondary to failure of salvage therapy and BV (81/210, 39%)
 - 64% ORR (25% CR)
 - Primary refractory cHL (73/210, 35%)
 - 80% ORR (23% CR)
- Most responses were observed at first disease assessment
- The fixed dose of 200 mg Q3W is associated with an acceptable safety profile
- Received accelerated FDA approval in the US
- Phase 3 study of pembrolizumab versus BV in patients with R/R cHL has been initiated (KEYNOTE-204 [NCT02684292])

Future Plans

- Phase 3 study of pembrolizumab versus BV in patients with R/R cHL has been initiated (KEYNOTE-204 [NCT02684292])
- Phase II IST: Pembrolizumab + ICE as bridge to ASCT

Acknowledgments

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- **Investigators and personnel from 51 study sites**



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