



Associazione
Italiana
Radioterapia
Oncologica



Società Italiana di Radiobiologia



Farmaci innovativi
e ipofrazionamento

PALACONGRESSI DI RIMINI
30 settembre, 1-2 ottobre 2016

XXVI CONGRESSO NAZIONALE AIRO

Presidente: Elvio G. Russi

XXX CONGRESSO NAZIONALE AIRB

Presidente: Renzo Corvò

IX CONGRESSO NAZIONALE AIRO GIOVANI

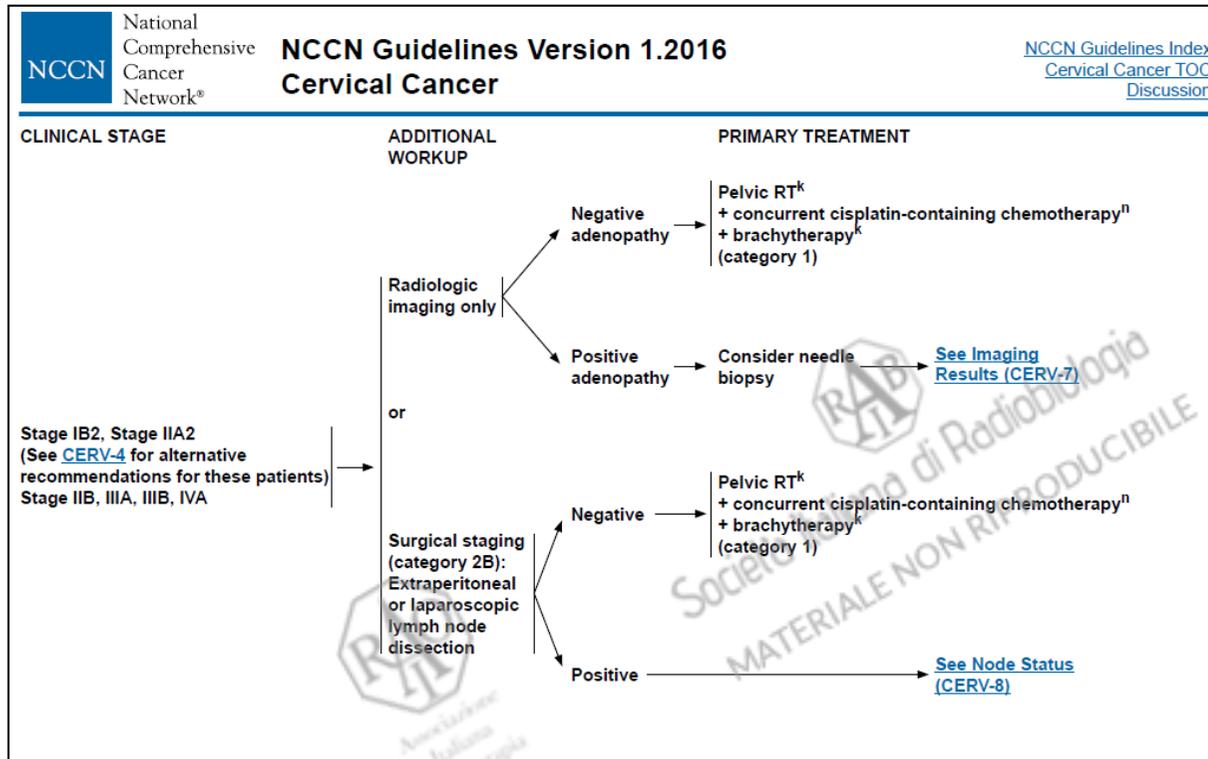
Coordinatore: Daniela Greto

RADIOCHEMIOTERAPIA E CHIRURGIA VERSUS

RADIOCHEMIOTERAPIA e HDR-BRT

**NEL CARCINOMA LOCALMENTE AVANZATO DELLA CERVICЕ UTERINA: STUDIO
CASO-CONTROLLO**

CARCINOMA DELLA CERVICE UTERINA IN STADIO LOCALMENTE AVANZATO



Stage	Treatment	Issue
IA1	Conization or simple hysterectomy ± salpingo-oophorectomy and PLND if LVSI	Conservative surgery
IA2	Conization/radical trachelectomy or modified radical hysterectomy and PLND	Adjuvant CT/RT if risk factors (LVSI, G3, positive resection margins, multiple nodes)
IB1, IIA	Radical hysterectomy and PLND	Adjuvant CT/RT if risk factors (LVSI, G3, positive resection margins, multiple nodes)
IB2, IIB-IV	Combination CT/RT with cisplatin	NACT to large bulky tumors prior CT/RT

PLND, pelvic lymphadenectomy; LVSI, lymphovascular space invasion; CT, computed tomography; NACT, neoadjuvant chemotherapy; RT, radiation therapy.



7090||

Preoperative concomitant chemoradiotherapy in locally advanced cervical cancer: Safety, outcome, and prognostic measures

G. Ferrandina^a, F. Legge^{a, b}, A. Fagotti^b, F. Fanfani^a, M. Distefano^b, A. Morganti^c, N. Cellini^d, G. Scambia^{a, b}  

International Journal of Gynecological Cancer:

August 2009 - Volume 19 - Issue 6 - pp 1119-1124

doi: 10.1111/IGC.0b013e3181a8b08f

Original Articles: Cervical Cancer

Neoadjuvant Chemoradiation Followed by Radical Hysterectomy in FIGO Stage IIIB Cervical Cancer: Feasibility, Complications, and Clinical Outcome

Fanfani, Francesco MD*; Fagotti, Anna MD*; Ferrandina, Gabriella MD†; Raspagliesi, Francesco MD‡; Ditto, Antonino MD‡; Cerrotta, Anna Maria MD§; Morganti, Alessio MD||; Smaniotto, Daniela MD¶; Scambia, Giovanni MD*



7286||

Surgery after concurrent chemoradiotherapy and brachytherapy for the treatment of advanced cervical cancer: Morbidity and outcome: Results of a multicenter study of the GCCLCC (Groupe des Chirurgiens de Centre de Lutte Contre le Cancer)

J.M. Classe^a  , P. Rauch^b, J.F. Rodier^c, P. Morice^d, E. Stoeckle^e, S. Lasry^f, G. Houvenaeghel^g

Results of the GYNECO 02 Study, an FNCLCC Phase III Trial Comparing Hysterectomy with No Hysterectomy in Patients with a (Clinical and Radiological) Complete Response After Chemoradiation Therapy for Stage IB2 or II Cervical Cancer

PHILIPPE MORICE,^{a,*,†} PHILIPPE ROUANET,^d ANNIE REY,^b PASCALE ROMESTAING,^c GILLES HOUVENAEGHEL,^f JEAN CHARLES BOULANGER,^g JEAN LEVEQUE,^h DIDIER COWEN,ⁱ PATRICE MATHEVET,^j JEAN PIERRE MALHAIRE,^k GUILLAUME MAGNIN,^l ERIC FONDRINIER,^m JOCELYNE BERILLE,ⁿ CHRISTINE HAIE-MEDER^c



9577||

Consensus statement

Radical hysterectomy after chemoradiation in FIGO stage III cervical cancer patients versus chemoradiation and brachytherapy: Complications and 3-years survival

F. Fanfani^a  , E. Vizza^b, F. Landoni^c, P. de Iaco^d, G. Ferrandina^e, G. Corrado^b, V. Gallotta^f, M.A. Gambacorta^g, A. Fagotti^f, G. Monterossi^f, A.M. Perrone^d, R. Lazzari^h, S.P. Colangione^h, G. Scambia^f

Chemotherapy Followed By Surgery Vs Radiotherapy Plus Chemotherapy in Patients With Stage IB or II Cervical Cancer

This study is ongoing, but not recruiting participants.

Sponsor:

European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer - EORTC

Information provided by (Responsible Party):

European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer - EORTC

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier:

NCT00039338

First received: June 6, 2002

Last updated: May 18, 2015

Last verified: May 2015

History of Changes

76 PTS TRATTATE CON RT-CT E
CHIRURGIA



76 PTS TRATTATE CON RT-CT E BRT
HDR

ETA'
STADIO
ISTOLOGIA

	CHIRURGIA	BRT	TOTALE
ETA'			
Media	54	55	54
Intervallo	33-82	30-89	30-89
STADIO FIGO N (%)			
IIB	62 (81.6)	62 (81.6)	124 (81.6)
IIIA	1 (1.3)	1 (1.3)	2 (1.3)
IIIB	8 (10.5)	8 (10.5)	16 (10.5)
IVA	3 (3.9)	3 (3.9)	6 (3.9)
IVB	2 (2.6)	2 (2.6)	4 (2.6)
ISTOLOGIA N (%)			
Squamoso	67 (88.1)	67 (88.1)	134 (88.1)
Adenocarcinoma	5 (6.6)	5 (6.6)	10 (6.6)
Altro	4 (5.3)	4 (5.3)	8 (5.3)

76 PTS TRATTATE CON RT-CT E
CHIRURGIA



76 PTS TRATTATE CON RT-CT E BRT

RT-CT neo adjuvante

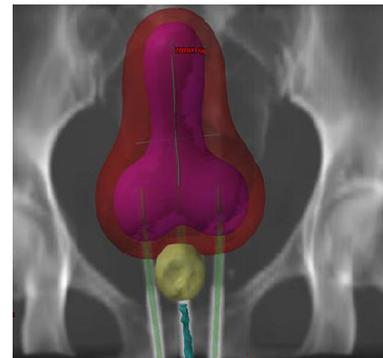
45Gy PELVI +/- LA concomitante a
CT con CISPLATINO 40 mg/m²

CHIRURGIA

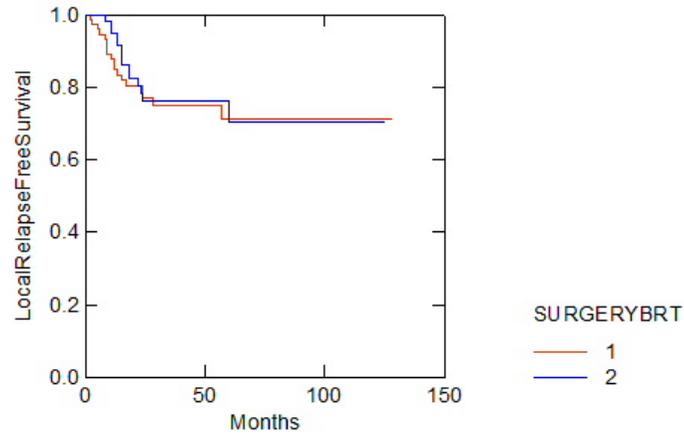
RT-CT

45Gy PELVI +/- LA concomitante a
CT con CISPLATINO 40 mg/m²
14Gy BOOST (LINFONODI PET+)

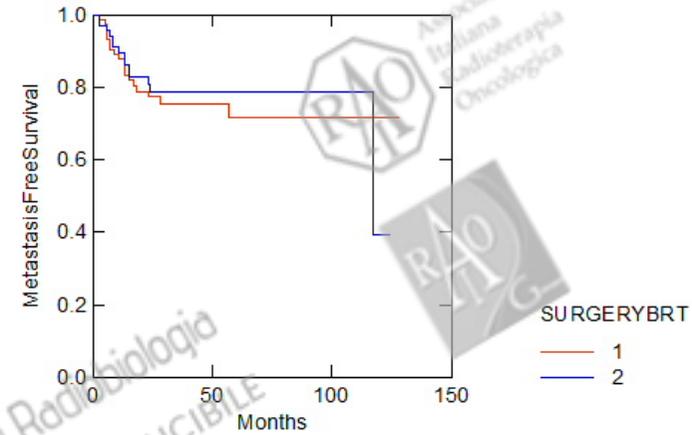
BRACHITERAPIA HDR
endouterina
21Gy (17-28 Gy)



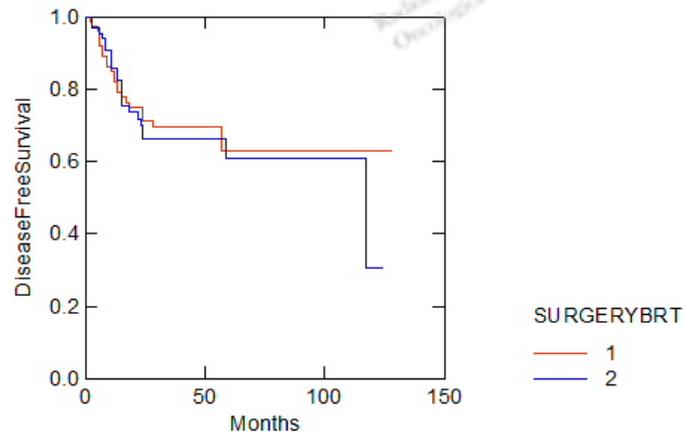
3y SOPRAVVIVENZA LIBERA DA RECIDIVA LOCALE
75% vs 76% p=0.73



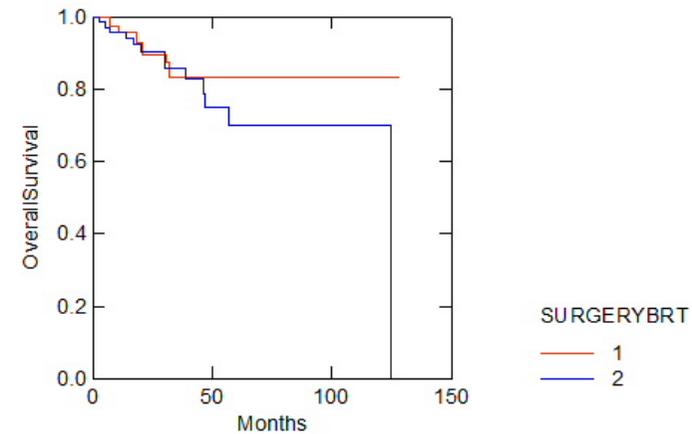
3y SOPRAVVIVENZA LIBERA DA METASTASI A
DISTANZA 75% vs 79% p=0.64



3y SOPRAVVIVENZA LIBERA DA MALATTIA
69% vs 66% p=0.77

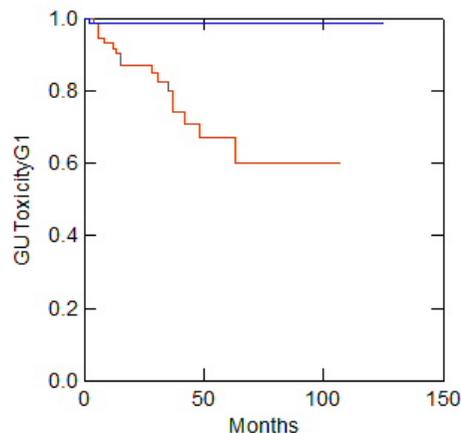


3y SOPRAVVIVENZA
83% vs 86% p=0.30

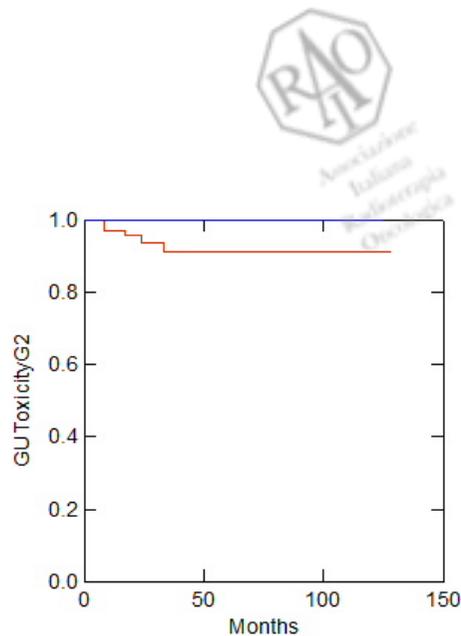
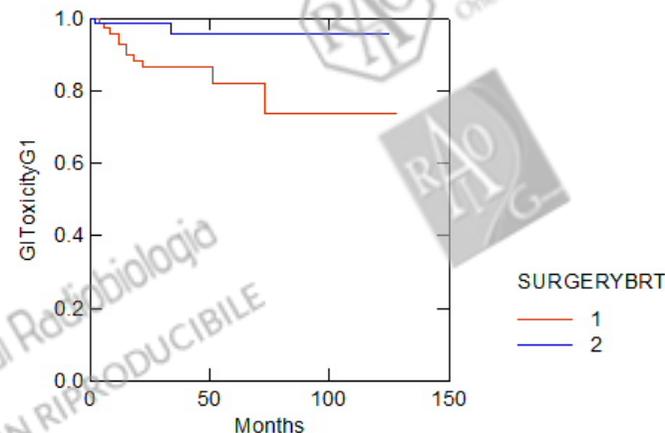


DIFFERENZA NON SIGNIFICATIVA

3y SOPRAVVIVENZA LIBERA DA TOSSICITA'
 GU G1 79% vs 98% p<0.001
 GU G2 91% vs 100% p=0.03



3y SOPRAVVIVENZA LIBERA DA TOSSICITA'
 GI G1 86% vs 98% p=0.02



GU G3 99% vs 100% p ns
GU G4 99% vs 100% p ns
*2 pazienti hanno sviluppato
 tossicità GU G3-4*

GI G3 99% vs 99% p ns
GI G4 100% vs 98% p ns
*3 pazienti hanno sviluppato
 tossicità GI G3-4*

**DIFFERENZA SIGNIFICATIVA
 TOSSICITA' GU G1 e G2 & GI G1**

RAO
 Associazione Italiana Radioterapia Oncologica
 Società Italiana di Radiobiologia
 MATERIALE NON RIPRODUCIBILE



- Risposta patologica
- Residuo di malattia: fattore prognostico sfavorevole indipendente

- Chirurgia come opzione terapeutica in caso di recidiva locale

- OUTCOMES e TOSSICITA' G3-4 → DIFFERENZA non SIGNIFICATIVA
- TOSSICITA' GASTROINTESTINALE G1 e GENITOURINARIA G1-2 minore nelle pazienti sottoposte a RT-CT e BRT

Recommendations from gynaecological (GYN) GEC ESTRO working group (II): Concepts and terms in 3D image-based treatment planning in cervix cancer brachytherapy—3D dose volume parameters and aspects of 3D image-based anatomy, radiation physics, radiobiology

Recommendations from Gynaecological (GYN) GEC-ESTRO Working Group* (I): concepts and terms in 3D image based 3D treatment planning in cervix cancer brachytherapy with emphasis on MRI assessment of GTV and CTV

BRT-HDR 3D con RM → Definizione volume residuo (HR CTV)

STUDIO CASO CONTROLLO CHIRURGIA VS BRT-HDR 3D

GRAZIE PER L'ATTENZIONE

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